Adaptation of LSP Capability for Use on F-22 Raptor Primary Structure at an Aircraft Modification Depot

2nd International Conference on Laser Peening April, 2010

LSP Conference Presentation April 2010 David Jensen, F-22 Air Vehicle Technology 206-544-2872

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F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



Agenda

Purpose: Provide an overview of the requirement, challenges, and implementation of LSP on the F-22

F-22 Raptor Structural Retrofit Requirement Glass Bead Peen Application (SRP1) LSP Attributes and Challenges LSP Maturation Program (LSPM) Implementation at Depot (SRP2) Summary of Lessons Learned

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F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

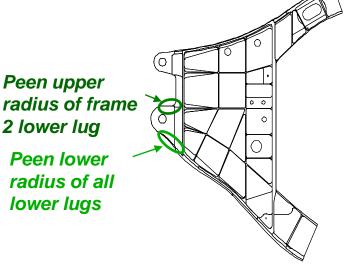


Reduced Risk of Fatigue Cracking at Lugs Desired

- Design adjustment applied to majority of fleet
- Early aircraft were slated for life extension retrofit
- Glass Bead Peening (GBP) implemented "at risk"
 - Coupon test data suggested risk was low
 - Imparts beneficial surface compressive layer
 - Some booms GBP'd during production (at MIC)
 - Earliest aircraft received GBP during first retrofit program - SRP1
- Peening benefit test program initiated (DO-30)
 - Includes both lug elements and test frames
 - GBP for both fleet cases above
 - Laser Shock Peen (LSP) over GBP
 - Sets fleet maintenance requirements
- GBP retrofit, test program, and production were all executed in parallel



Figure 1. RHS Lower Fillet Crack Indication, Looking Aft and Up

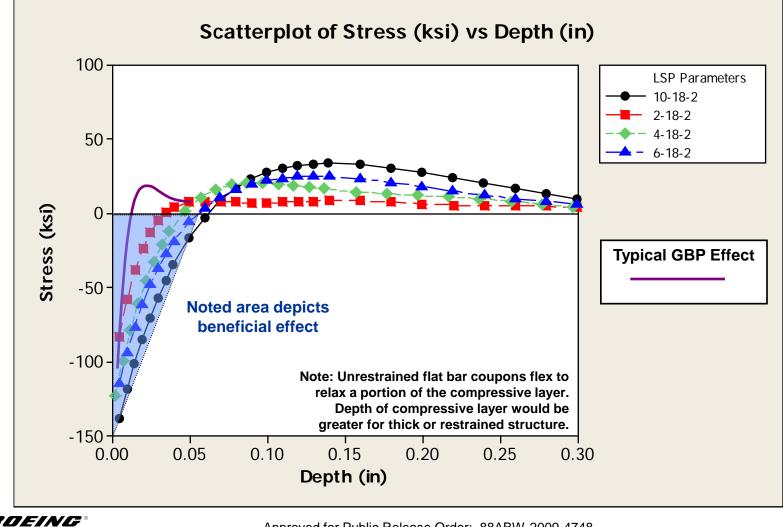




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LSP Surface Compressive Effect EMD "Flat Bar" Data



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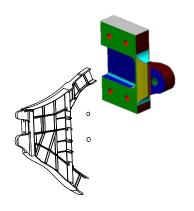
F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

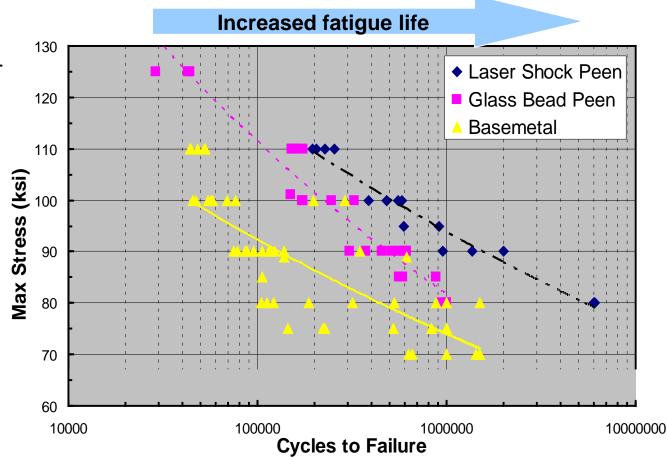
APTOR

Peening Fatigue Life Benefit EMD "Flat Bar" Data

EMD coupon tests:

- Validated GBP benefit
- Suggests LSP would offer additional improvement
- Aircraft life extension pending DO-30 lug data and frame test validation



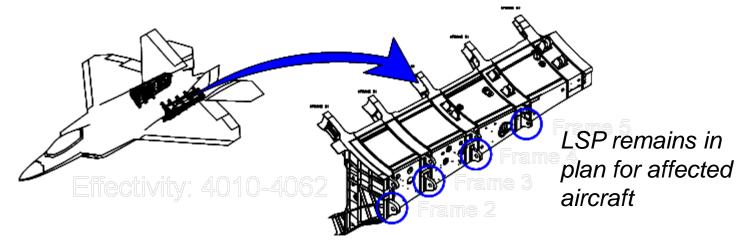




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- DO-30 Ph1 lug element tests generated positive results:
 - "At-risk" GBP application proving effective for F-22 application
 - LSP offers a significant re-peening benefit to both life and crack growth

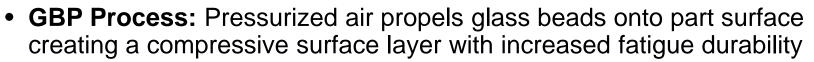


- LSP requires significantly more time, equipment, and facilitization than GBP
- "Mobile peening" equipment developed, but had not yet been implemented
- FASTeR LSP Maturation project envisioned to retire technical risk
 - Supplier: Metal Improvement Company (MIC Livermore CA)
 - Purpose: Adapt existing LSP capability to the F-22 Mod Site



Glass Bead Peen Application (SRP1)

F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



- MIC can perform the GBP in any adequately equipped bay
- Bay requirements are benign containment tent easily erected
- Flexibility exists for redirection to any such bay upon arrival



In contrast, LSP is a much more involved operation



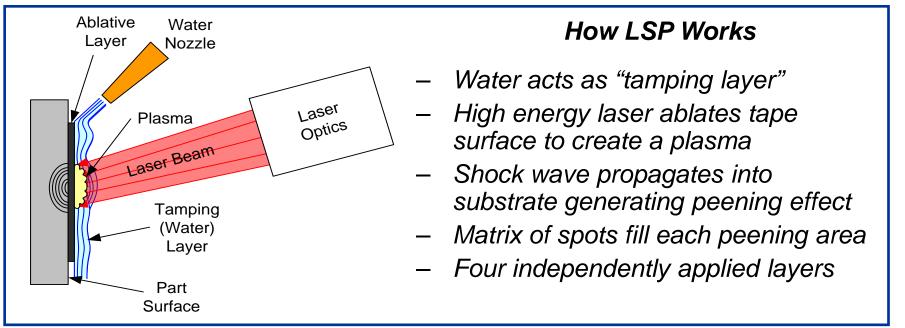
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LSP Attributes and Challenges

F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



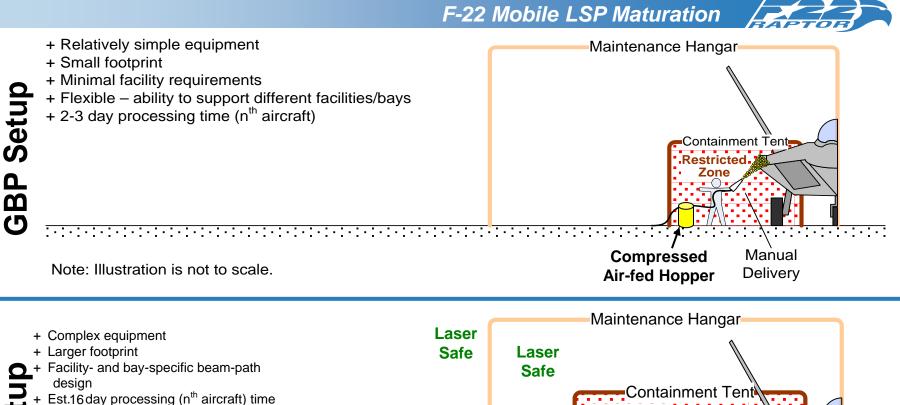
- **Original Factory Process:** Parts and water robotically manipulated in front of stationary beam in factory work cell (engine fan blades, hubs etc.)
 - MIC later developed in-factory moveable beam/stationary part approach



- Transition to "Mobile LSP" adds even more complexity
 - Truck mounted laser feeds robot through optically tuned "light pipes"
 - Robot then redirects laser within containment tent (~5000 shots per jet)
 - Must reliably deliver the same peening effect as the test program

DEING

LSP Attributes and Challenges: GBP to LSP is an Extensive Transition



Laser Restricted

Zone

Movable

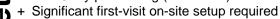
Laser Beam

Laser

Robot

Laser

Gimbal



+ Learning curve (reduced throughput) for
initial SRP2 aircraft
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Note: Illustration is not to scale.

BOEING

DO-024

FASTeR (SRP2)

Workstation

Portable Laser System

Water Delivery/

Waste Recovery

LSP Attributes and Challenges: How Can This Transition Be Made at Low Risk?

F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



• Desired Attributes:

- Minimal safety risks to personnel or aircraft
- Rapid and reliable processing
- Ensure flexibility to adapt to mod-line perturbations
- Challenges Foreseen (principle examples):
 - Safety: Laser hazard and robot incursion risk with each move
 - LSP Process: Involves thousands of robot moves and non-value added tasks such as mate / de-mate of containment tents
 - Depot Approach: "Tuned" optics delivery requires bay-specific designs and has non-value added tasks such as set-up / tear-down of optics

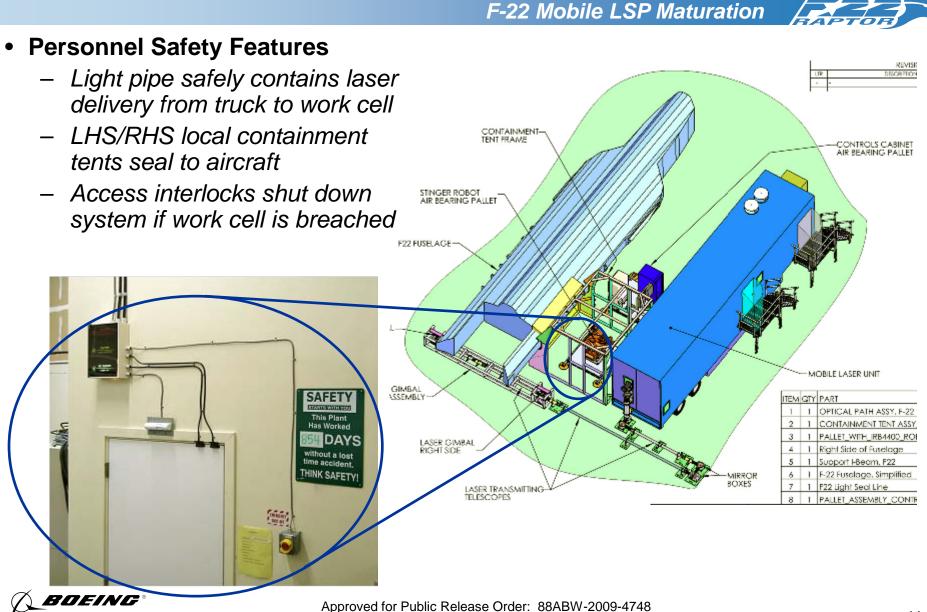
• Resolution Efforts Undertaken:

- Implement reliable containment of laser and prevent robot incursions
- "Lean out" LSP process to reduce cycle time maintaining precision
- "Lean out" Depot approach maintaining schedule flexibility

Technology maturation effort necessary to adapt existing LSP capability to F-22 at acceptable (low) risk



LSP Maturation Program – Safety



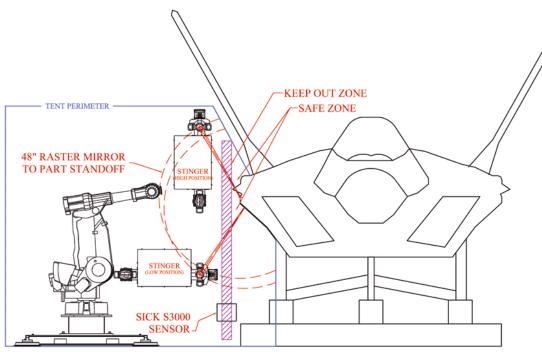
LSP Maturation Program – Safety

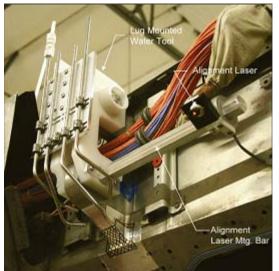
F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

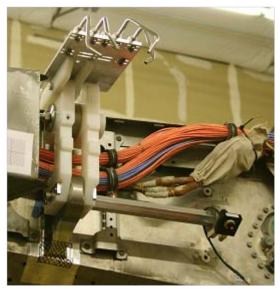


• Aircraft Safety Features

- Increased laser robot stand-off distance and reduced required moves discussed later
- Independent light curtain integrated into system
- Water robot replaced with fixed plumbing eliminates "close-standoff" robot moves

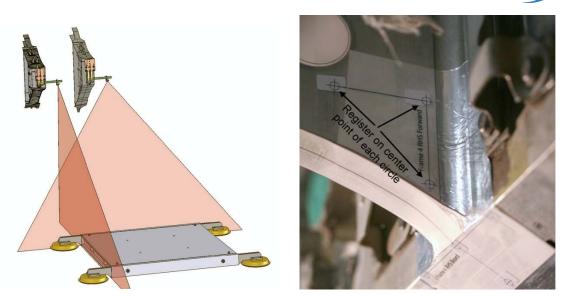








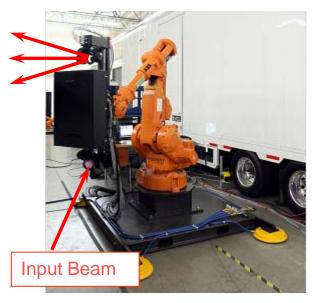
LSP Maturation Program – Lean Process



F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

Set-up Time Minimized

- Water robot eliminated
- Laser-based pallet positioning developed
- Mylar overlays provide fiducials for robot-toaircraft registration



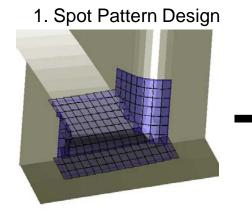
- Implemented Innovative "Raster Head"
 - Adapted from MIC system at BCA Fredrickson
 - Gimbal redirects a highly configurable beam to each group of shots
 - Robot manipulations reduced 50X
 - Enables common peening "philosophy"
 - Extra "reach" enables single pallet position



LSP Maturation Program – Lean Process







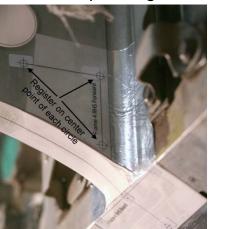
Process Has Now Been Repeatedly Demonstrated

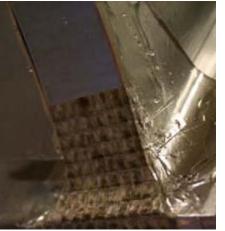


5. Final Result is only subtly visible



2. Register and set-up at Lug





4. QA Peened Tape

3. Witness Paper Check (Adjust for Aircraft OML Variations as Necessary)



LSP Maturation Program Process Evolution Summary

F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



• Prior Art was Fixed Beam Delivery

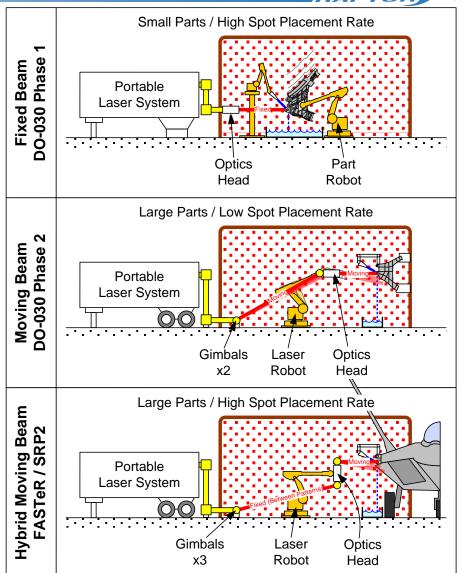
- Proven factory production
- Limited to small parts
- Used on EMD test coupons, DO-30 lugs and early trial frames

Adopted MIC's Movable Beam Approach

- Can process stationary targets
- Water robot deleted
- Robot must manipulate to each of 5000 peening spots per A/C (long cycle time)
- Used for DO-30 trial frames

Raster Head Integrated in LSP Maturation

- Robot only manipulated to each of 100 "groups" of ~50 shots (for all 4 layers)
- Used on 4001 fuselage and planned for DO-30 test frames
- Enables common peening "philosophy"





LSP Maturation Program – Depot Implementation

F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



Agenda

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LSP Attributes and Challenges
LSP Maturation Program (LSPM)
Demonstration Video
Implementation at Depot (SRP2)
Summary of Lessons Learned

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F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

• Starting Point for Depot Implementation:

- Previously described capability as depicted below at MIC-Livermore
- Depot approach as was used for Glass Bead Peening in SRP1
 - Multiple aircraft depots
 - Peening capability taken to wherever the jet is being worked

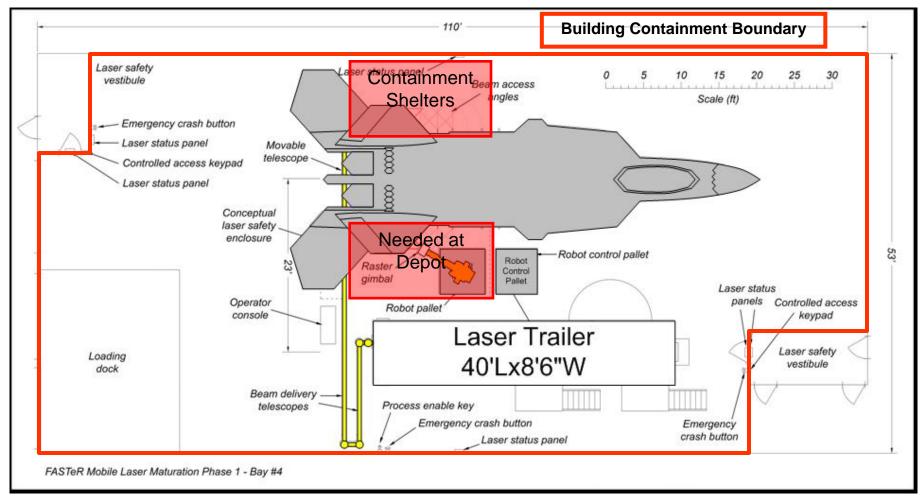




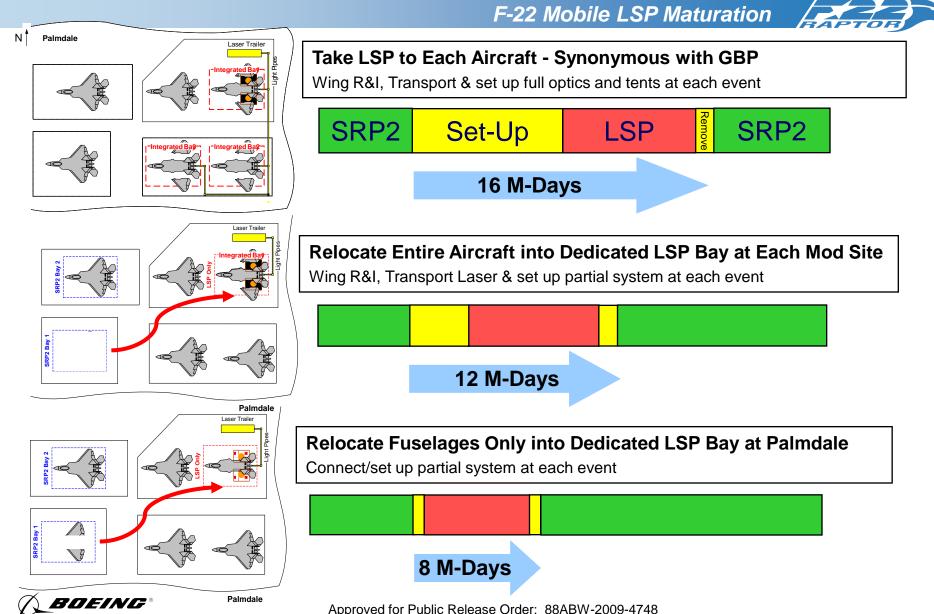
F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation



Initial Concept Similar to GBP: Bring the system to wherever the aircraft resides





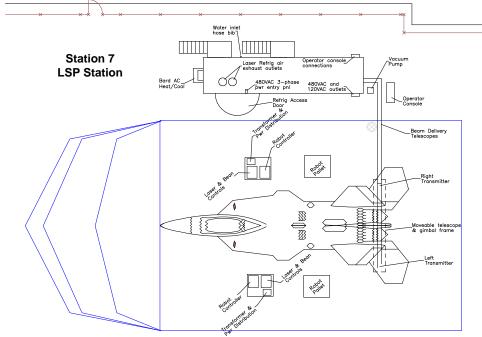






• Efficiency of delivering fuselages paved the way for single site operations

- All LSP jets re-routed to Palmdale
- Enabled deletion of local tents in favor of full fuselage containment
- Additional reduction from 8 to ~7 M-Days by eliminating tent mate/de-mate









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F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

- Leaning Out the Depot Approach Reduces.....
 - Cost Risk:
 - Enables "LSP Services" procurement in lieu of per-unit contracting
 - Saves \$1M NRE & \$3M Recurring costs
 - Technical Risk:
 - Eliminates laser transportation between Palmdale and Hill AFB
 - Eliminates set up / tear down damage
 - Schedule Risk:
 - LSP bay cycle time reduced from 16 to ~7 M-Days
 - This efficiency reduces the calendar day duty cycle in the LSP bay to only 50% (as a two shift operation)
 - Resulting "Down Time" accommodates early or late inductions



Summary of Lessons Learned

F-22 Mobile LSP Maturation

APTOR

• LSP processing

- LSP is an effective tool for addressing fatigue life shortfalls
- Maturation was needed to adapt LSP for Depot use
- Current capability is on track for implementation in 2011

Depot Approach:

- Not a business-as-usual retrofit
- Advance coordination is critical
- Coordination logistics must be addressed (safety, environmental, security)

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Agenda Review

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Acknowledgements:

MIC Team for the commendable capabilities developed Morgan Osborne for his energetic assistance LM-Aero & F-22 Program Office for flexibility in this evolution

Questions?

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